

# ADITHI

## Annual Report

### 2020-2021



By

**ADITHI**

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# **1. ADITHI Plan: Child Centered Community Development (CCCD) -**

Muzaffarpur, Sitamarhi, Vaishali

The CCCD Project area was operational in 12 villages and 3 urban slums of Muzaffarpur, Vaishali and Sitamarhi district that was terminated on 30 September 2020 due to the new FCRA rules. Here are the glimpses of our achievements during the reporting period:

## **Our Impact:**

Over the past two years, sponsorship initiatives have sensitized to eliminate diseases caused by using polluted water. In 12 Government schools upgraded water and toilet facilities which have improved the hygiene and sanitation conditions. Children now have access to clean water facilities and toilets which has significantly improved their health. We have also enhanced knowledge of girls with skill in menstrual hygiene management so that fewer absentees of girls are in the schools. We have also organized mock drills in schools on sanitation and disaster preparedness to reduce the risk that occur during disaster period.

The result is that 1759 children have access to clean water and doing regular hand washing. There are 6853 individual households having toilet facilities.

## **Participated in activities to mark global hand washing day**

There few incredible successes that took place across project areas and the children were trained to write and draw pictures on local condition. There were 2429 children who received training and to write and pictorial lessons. Along with these activities 55 teachers were also trained on creative activities and maintaining friendly environment in the schools.

## **Children's Participation in Literacy Festival**

Altogether 11705 children had participated in the "Literacy Festival" day. Rallies were taken out and the schools children exhibited their talents by enchanting slogans and holding banners in their hands in which different messages passed to the general mass.

## **Childrens for changes towards advancement**

A large part of project operational areas children enlightened on climate change. Since major families are involved in agriculture and allied activities much stress was given for agriculture and horticulture plantation and sub-tropical crops such as pulses and maize production. This initiative was do not raise family income and assure food security in families. Simultaneously total banned on child marriages were imposed with the support of young girls in the project areas. The girls determined to:

1. Marriage before 18 banned
2. Girls should not be discriminated
3. Having access to water and toilet facilities

## **Staying Healthy and Happy**

The rural population lack basic infrastructure facilities. Many families are still in huts and are not able to access. Plan International government housing facilities schemes due to lack of papers or becoming not influential in the community. Plan International is improving access to water and sanitation facilities for the communities in the operational areas. Moreover, the school going children especially the girls are benefitted from this programme. In the schools set up "School Management

Committees that are responsible for the maintenance of water and sanitation. During school assembly the children are educated on safety and maintaining hygiene. Thus, the thrust of this initiative was to keep the school going children healthy, happy and leadership quality.

### **Disaster Management**

Rural areas are always affected by inevitable floods. Plan Internationals supported the state authorities in disaster like floods, earthquakes etc. in this programme the girls are prepared to measure height of disaster and for this in different mock drills have been done. Major schools were provided "Information and education materials" on disaster.



### **Changing Lives**

In the coming year, we will support programs that equip girls with the necessary skills to be productive in life. Our goal is to ensure that girls

are able to play a leading role in making decisions that concern them.

Plan International will continue to strive towards creating an environment where children,

especially girls, can live free from violence and abuse so that they can achieve their full potential. We will work towards ensuring that adolescents and mothers can access quality reproductive and health care services, especially adolescent girls from vulnerable communities.

Plan International will continue to promote quality, holistic education for children from pre-school to secondary education. We will priorities girls' education to reduce gender inequality and give girls a better chance in life.

These are just some of the many ways your kindness will continue to touch the lives of your sponsored child and other children in Muzaffarpur. Thank you for all that you do!



"Before the training, I didn't like to talk about my period. Now I counsel other girls on menstrual hygiene and I'm very thankful to Plan International for bringing this opportunity into my life."

**Shobha, 15 yrs., sponsored child**



Photos of Different Activities



Nutritional Support



Human Chain Rally



Hand Wash Demonstration in School



Vegetable Cultivation



Hand wash practices among children



Covid-19

## 2. Link Worker Scheme - Sitamarhi

**Funding:** - Bihar State AIDS Control Society, Patna (BSACS)

**Project Name:** - LINK WORKER SCHEME, SITAMARHI (BIHAR)

**Project Period:**-1<sup>st</sup> April 2020 to 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021

**Funding:** - Bihar State AIDS Control Society, Patna (BSACS)

### Reduction in Stigma and Discriminated related

#### Experiences

HIV/AIDS is seen as curse in community and society. The perception on HIV/AIDS of the community is narrow and blind. A person living with HIV/AIDS is seen as a sinner and they are stigmatised and discriminated in many ways in society by the community members as well as their own families. We are witness of the incidences of stigma and discrimination against HRGs and PLHA. In our intervention villages there are some HRGs and PLHA who were discriminated by the community members and their families. During the interaction with community people and their family's members, link worker made them aware about the HIV/AIDS and brought changes in their perception through BBC and IPC. We also organised several meeting with the community people and PRI and raised awareness level among the community people about HIV/AIDS and requested them for stopping the discrimination and stigma against HRGs and PLHA.

### Key Achievements

- 11521 persons got HIV /AIDS test done and also around 491 were got STI treatment and medicine.
- Around 38559 thousand Key Population and general masses were reached out through the awareness program.
- Around 50438 condoms were distributed during the awareness program among Migrants/HRG/Other People.
- A lot of volunteers/RRCs/VIC were involved in the awareness program as well as support in arranging Community level / Local village level meeting.
- Block and district health official as well as development official were ready to support to our programme for which we have conducted 20 Advocacy meetings on agenda for Linkages of Key population through several government sponsor scheme and on Right of our key population.
- 18 PLHIV Linked to Social Protection scheme like Bihar Shadapiti AIDS pedit

kalyan Yojna and Parvarish Yojna through Link worker scheme.

- Special thanks to our BSACS team for time to time giving hand holding supports
- Successfully awareness program organized for migrants in 12 blocks during the Durga pooja, Deepawali and Chhath and Holi.
- More than 10000 thousand migrants and general masses were reached out through the awareness program.
- IEC and communication activities were organized successfully in 20 villages during the major festival.
- S

ed Community Based Screening for HIV testing for those communities who get problem in reaching ICTC and FICTC easily, basically Community Based Screening aims to get testing through outreach.

- WAD celebrated successfully
- 376 Person Proving Social Protection
- 100% Contacted with line listed Population
- More than 6683 thousand IEC material will distributed.
- 226 PLHA linked with ART.

Testing Details				
	Total Line List	HIV Testing	STI Testing	HIV %
HRG	751	751	147	100%
VULNERABLE People	17559	4023	70	23%
MIGRANTS	17495	3367	91	19%
TRUCKERS	785	464	9	59%
ANCs	2842	2842	174	100 %
TB	79	79	0	100 %
PLHIV	264	0	0	
<b>Total</b>	<b>39775</b>	<b>11521</b>	<b>491</b>	



**Community Visit:-**



**ICTC and FICTC visit:-**



**Community Based Screening: -**



### **3. Strengthening Rights and improving livelihoods of Street Vendors -** Varanasi, Jamshedpur, Muzaffarpur

**Background:** Street vendors represent the unorganized sector and contribute immensely to local economy. They also provide affordable services to cross sections of society. For the welfare of them, Street vending Act was passed in 2014. Some of the state also made Rules but was not implemented. Street vendors remained at the margin of the city and had not being included in city planning and Smart City Concept.

**Support from Ford Foundation:** In this scenario, Adithi proposed a plan to Ford foundation to Strengthening Rights and improving livelihoods of Street Vendors in 3 Major Cities of 3 State comes under the smart cities i:e, Muzaffarpur in Bihar, Jamshedpur in Jharkhand and Varanasi in Uttar Pradesh. The reason of the selection of these cities were Varanasi is the electoral constituency of Honorable Prime Minister, Jamshedpur was the constituency of then Honorable Chief Minister of Jharkhand and Muzaffarpur was the second Economical and Commercial City of Bihar and also the constituent of then Urban Development Minister. But the situations were worst even leading by the Prominent Personalities. No vending area was identified nor Space earmarked for vending. Vendors were being evicted even after the survey, no issuing of Identity card and Vending Certificates. Town Vending Committees (TVCs) was formed but not in action. Vendors also have a lot of dependence on money-lenders. With the Support if Ford Foundation, Adithi raised the relevant issue and fight a lot in front the Government and Civil Bodies also collaborate with NASVI, working at National level.

**Policy and grass-root level change can be observed at two levels.**

#### **A. Government Level:**

- ✓ A good rapport building with Municipal Corporation, District Administration, Smart city Corporation Ltd. resulting the Government officers and elected representative started talking about the importance and need to regulate Street vendors.
- ✓ A special scheme for Street Vendors was introduced by Government called Prime Minister –Street Vendors Atam Nirbhar Schemes (**PM-SVANidhi**) during the Covid-19 Pandemic to restore the livelihoods of Street vendors.

#### **B. Organisational level:**

- ✓ Street vendors are being organised into smaller groups and then into Association (Market and City Federation)
- ✓ Aware about the Street Vending Act and Rules, Functioning of TVC, and also know their responsibility.
- ✓ Some of Federation Leaders are ready to take charge of Dialogue and action for their right to livelihoods. i:e, - implementation of SV Act. Although it takes time because strengthening the community association is a continuous process in which step-by-step activities are needed.

**Impact of the Intervention:** For the last one and a half years, we have been greatly affected by Corona. Livelihoods shutdown or declined due to nationwide lockdown. The



work environment could not be created, yet even in these difficult times, the organization has made full efforts from their side and has tried to achieve the goal of the project. The result of our work can be seen in the following forms

**Organizing:** Vendors were here and there, not organized, first we started to organize them into small groups as market committee. Today More than 13000 street vendors organized into 76 Market committee having the data base. They have been trained with their role and Responsibilities. Also provided a booklet related to the issues.

**Town level federations/ Financial Cooperative:** We organized this market committee together and formed a town level federation. Now, 3 TLF have been constituted and members are trained to taking up the issues of vendors. Federations had been registered under the cooperative Society and started mobilization for Formal Membership. Only Varanasi cooperative Society is under process of Registration- Delayed due to Covid-19.

**Formalization of Town Vending Committee:** Town vending committees (TVC) is a multiparty constitutional committee. As per the law street vendors were only regulated by TVC, but it was not formally constituted in Municipal Body. We met with all the stakeholders and lot of advocacy with state and municipal bodies, submitted memorandum using Right to information and then formally TVC constituted in all the Municipal and Notified Areas. 40 % Representative from Street vendors elected without any objection in the Municipal bodies that was then trained by Adithi.

**ID Cards and Vending Certificates:** After continuous advocacy, demonstration, raising issues on different forums, and organizational initiatives, the process of issuing identity cards and vending certificates has started in the municipal bodies. Letter of Recommendation are also being issued by the Concerned Authority. **46,883 Vendors** got ID card/ vending Certificate and letter of Recommendation.

**Vending Zones:** The process of creation of vending zone has been started but the process is very slow. Due to Covid-19 the meeting has not been regular and somehow it is ignored by the Municipal Bodies. **72 Vending zones** developed and 50 more has been Proposed.

**Access of Credit and Social Security:** We met with District level bankers Committee and Lead bank Managers. Started the process of linkage with the banking System through camps, open Bank Account, and accessing a loan of 10,000- 20,000 INR on a minimum very low Interest rate under PM-SVANidhi Schemes. Also started linkage with Swanidhi to Samraddhi Scheme where they can benefit with Social Security Schemes. Varanasi is in number one in PM-SVANidhi due the enless efforts of our team.

**Training and Capacity Building:** During the covid Crisis, we trained market leaders to organise meeting at Digital Platform, transaction with Digital Platform like -Patym, Bhim app, phonepe etc. Provided Training to more than 1000 street food vendors with FSSAI and NASVI to maintaining Health Hygiene and Corona Protocols, They also Linked with Zomato and Swiggi. We made

small Videos and share through Whatsapp Groups.

VDIS India Private Limited and made a beautiful cart after discussion with street vendors and leaders.

**Introducing Modern Push Cart:** We collaborate with a manufacturing agency,

**A table indicating the Numbers – Impacted**

Activities	Muzaffarpur	Jamshedpur	Varanasi
Organizing into Market Committee	14	37	25
City level federations Constituted	Yes	Yes	Yes
Financial Cooperative	Yes	Yes	Under Process
TVCs Formed with 40 % vendors representation	Yes	Yes	Yes
ID Cards and Vending Certificates/ LoR	1608	5669	39606
Vending Zones Announced / earmarked	4	5	63
Access of Credit and Social Security	1452	3925	19968
Training to Food vendors	150	300	450
Using Digital Payment	1273	3735	7483



**Provision of ID Cards with QR Codes to Vendors**



**1754 Street vendors got vending certificates in Muzaffarpur Vendors**

### Market wise Camp for linkage with Vendors



### Camp for FSSAI registration to Street Food PM-Swanidhi Scheme



### Inclusion ADITHI in the committee for PM-SVANidhi Schemes

### Town vending Committee Meeting

#### कार्यालय, मुजफ्फरपुर नगर निगम, मुजफ्फरपुर

Web Site - <http://mufapnagar.nic.in> Email ID - [mufapnagar@nic.in](mailto:mufapnagar@nic.in), [mufapnagar@nic.in](mailto:mufapnagar@nic.in) Fax No. 0521-2214056

PM SVANidhi योजना अन्तर्गत जारी मार्गदर्शिका के Annexure-E के अनुरूप निकाय स्तर पर ऋण आवेदनों का अधिकारिक रूप से प्रबंध करने और स्कीम के कार्यान्वयन को मॉनिटर करने हेतु अनुश्रवण समिति का गठन करने का निर्णय लिया जाता है, जिसमें निम्नांकित सदस्य होंगे -

क्र०	नाम / पदनाम	भूमिका
1	नगर आयुक्त, मुजफ्फरपुर नगर निगम, मुजफ्फरपुर	अध्यक्ष
2	उप नगर आयुक्त (NULM), मुजफ्फरपुर नगर निगम, मुजफ्फरपुर	सहसचिव
3	प्रधान जिला प्रबंधक (LDM), मुजफ्फरपुर	सदस्य
4	ADITHI Member	सदस्य
5	TVC Member	सदस्य
6	एन.बी.एफ.सी. / एम.एफ.आई. प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
7	अध्यक्ष, आदर्श ए.एल.ओ.	सदस्य

(मनेश कुमार मीणा)  
नगर आयुक्त,  
मुजफ्फरपुर नगर निगम, मुजफ्फरपुर।



## 4. Combating Discriminations and Unsafe Migration - Sitamarhi, Siwan & Gopalganj

### Progress towards systems-level change

Easing the access of community to Parvarish and Sponsorship Schemes:- In our target area in Gopalganj, the number of beneficiaries of Parivarish Yojana was 33. Gopalganj was ranked third from the bottom among all the districts of Bihar. In December 2020, through networking meeting and media advocacy with District Child Protection Unit, the above problem was brought by Adithi to the notice of concerned officials. The Assistant Director, District Child Protection Unit, took the matter seriously and a review meeting was convened on January 9, 2021, in which DCPC, BCPC members, representatives of voluntary organizations and some CVC members as well as champion members from our community also participated. In the meeting, there was a discussion about the effective implementation of the scheme. The Child Development Project Officer of Bhore Block apprised the participants about the problem being faced in opening the bank accounts of children in the said meeting, which was actually a major problem. On the same day, the District Child Protection Unit, Gopalganj, wrote a letter to the leading banks on the said subject and with the help of local voluntary organizations, a campaign was conducted to link the children in maximum numbers to this scheme. At present, the number of beneficiaries of the parenting scheme in Gopalganj district is 108 and the applications of 20 more are pending. In just two months, the number of beneficiaries has increased from 33 to 108 - a total increase of 85 beneficiaries has been registered. The number could have gone even higher but after the

March 2021, Covid affected the said campaign in the entire district. It should be noted that on 30 Dec. 2020, a Networking and Stakeholders' Sensitization Workshop was organized with CDPO, Bhore and LEO, in which Adithi's workers and CVC members apprised the CDPO about the above problem, which she raised in the District level DCPC review prominently along with the Adithi worker who was present in that meeting.

Formation and Sensitization of Block and Village Level CPCs:- On 7 Jan. 2021, the State Child Protection Committee had directed all the District Magistrates and Assistant Directors, Child Protection, to make aware the block level CPCs of sensitive blocks on the threats of child labor and trafficking but the said programs were not being organized in our target area of Siwan. Through a letter to the Assistant Director of Child Protection Unit, we requested him to include us in the said campaign, whose permission was granted. During the execution of the campaign, it came to our notice that the members of the Block Level CPC of our target blocks were ignorant of their role and responsibilities. There were no documents related to their formation at the block level, so mutual harmony was not being established. With the cooperation of BDO and Panchayat Samiti Chairperson, we sensitized the people related in our targeted blocks, Mairwa and Guthni, and made them aware of the outline, work and process of formation of CPC. The said program was organized at the block level. The process of formation was completed by convening a separate meeting of CPC in Mairwa block, which was conducted through Panchayat

Samiti and the concerned persons were directed for formation of CPC at Panchayat and

**About deciding the role of SMCs, Village Child Protection Committees and local groups in the enrollment campaign:-** Education Department, Bihar Government, was conducting a Special Enrollment campaign from 8 to 20 March 2021, under which awareness campaign, Prabhat Pheri, etc., were being organized. Adthi also participated in the said campaign from its level. It came to our knowledge during the campaign that to ensure children's enrollment, the SMC, Village Child Protection Committee and local groups also needed to participate so that this campaign could be made more effective. In this context, we drew the attention of the District Education Officers of all three of our targeted districts through letters, who directed the Block Education Officers accordingly with the effect that the Village Child Protection Committees and local groups were allowed to participate in the said campaign. This facilitated the maximal enrollment of children hailing from the extremely backward community in schools.

### **Quatitative Policy Changes**

Establishing Coordination between the District Child Protection Unit, Voluntary Organizations and Community based Groups:- Adithi has, from the very beginning, been working on the coordination of district level child protection bodies, voluntary organizations and community based groups in her target area and sensitizing the concerned on the said subject through various programs. In the DCPC of Gopalganj district, the representative of any local voluntary organizations was not included as a member. There was a meeting of voluntary organizations organized by the DLSA in December 2020, in which all the district level child protection bodies such as CWC, DCPU,

Ward levels as well, but due to Covid, the formation could not be done at Panchayat level.

SJPU, JJB, AHTU, CSO, District and Sessions Judge, District Magistrate, and other officials were present, this issue was raised prominently, which the District Child Protection Unit took seriously and started inviting voluntary organizations as well as community based groups in their programs such as, the review meeting of DCPC, campaign for emphasis on parenting plan, etc. On the State Child Protection Committee directing all the District Magistrates and Assistant Directors, Child Protection, to make the block level CPCs of sensitive blocks aware on the threats of child labor and trafficking, the District Child Protection Unit included us and other voluntary organizations in this campaign prominently. Under this program, a total of four sensitization programs were conducted, including our targeted block Bhore. In the past also, Adithi had been making aware the concerned officials of this issue through Public Dialogue Program and Media Advocacy Workshops.

### **Outcome 1**

- a. We have oriented 144 freedom group of 70 villages in three districts on Ayushman among them 46 were from new villages. Simultaneously, 291 Champions from 70 villages were oriented and skilled by training and meetings on taking forward this issues for the deprived and marginalized families to the Government and also to the media.

Previously also, the Champions and Freedom Groups supported community in getting Ayushman. They enlisted the left out families and submitted the list. Ayushman camp was also announced but not organized by the government functionaries, so most of the



people were left out. The difference was first they procured the list from ASHA and BPO, and then spoke to beneficiaries. So, this time they availed the opportunity of camp which was announced by the GOB. They have taken initiative to raise the gaps to the government officials and insist on organizing camps with the result that In Sitamarhi district, in January, 1,17,335 beneficiaries were verified while in June, 1,40,168 beneficiaries were verified whereas in Siwan, 88992 and Gopalganj 113162 were verified.

- b. In one incident, all Government officials were on strike at the same time while the Government announces camps from 17 February to 3 March 2021. Champions and freedom groups regularly visited and gave letters to the block offices, MOIC offices, but the camps were not organized. After several attempts, camps were organized at Siwan and Gopalganj. The same was in Sitamarhi where the Champions paid several visits to block and PHC. Our staff visited district office and gave a letter to DPO to organize the camps. The DPO released a letter and extended the time up to 31<sup>st</sup> March. As a result of all this, a total of 24 camps were organized in our targeted areas in three districts wherein the cases of 2,306 families were put in process and among them 1,993 got the cards.
- c. Women are at the core of our intervention. In Champion groups, 50% are women in Siwan and Gopalganj, while in Sitamarhi 80% are women. In freedom groups, the CVCs have the same ratio. In SHG groups and BKCK groups, are all women and girls. Many of them are empowered and many are in the process of empowerment. They have taken initiatives to meet PRIs, BDOs,

MOICs, Police Officers as well as other officials and media.

- d. TA has supported us in collecting information from villages and Panchayats. From time to time, they have supported our teams. Further plan of action for advocacy for policy change and media advocacy are planned for next quarter after getting report.

#### **Outcome 2**

- a. There are 144 Freedom groups in 70 villages in which 28 adolescent groups oriented through regular meetings on Education system, schemes, entitlement and also strengthened to take forward these issues to Government Officials and Media. 290 Champions of 70 villages selected and oriented on education. Each community have their best strength to raise their voices with Government Officials and Media. SMCs of the schools are also oriented on their rights through the meetings.
- b. Due to closure of schools for a long time the children lost their interest in education and deviated to other habits. Many children either engaged in labor purposes or wandering, quarrelling, etc. When the schools were open, Champions and freedom groups along with SMCs visited the schools to get the name and number of children who did not attend the schools. They have played a very positive role in the enrollment drive (Praveshotsav) of the children. 1649 Children were enrolled from our target areas and 32 of them were survivors. Champions and freedom groups also supported the children whose entitlements did not come to their accounts by visiting banks for KYC and other support.

- c. A letter was given to DEO and DPO regarding involvement of Jeevikas, SMCs, local committees and other groups to ensure 100% enrollment. The DEO release a letter to all BEOs to involve all local institutions, teachers, etc. even on Sundays. This drive will continue. The BEOs also issued verbal instructions to all local teams to support in this drive. Champions and freedom groups also played an important role in it. As the result of this all out effort, 1,28,777 children were enrolled in our targeted 3 blocks of Sitamarhi while 6,534 in Siwan & Gopalganj.
- d. Women and adolescent (girls) are key persons in all Freedom and Champions groups. They are oriented and are active in leading roles in any initiative taken at the Panchayat, blocks or district levels.

In this reporting period, TA supported in orientation of staff on collecting data in Google formats. From time to time, it did mentoring of the team. Due to 2<sup>nd</sup> wave of COVID the report finalization was delayed by it.

### **Outcome 3**

- a. 240 trained Champion groups and 144 freedom groups oriented by meetings and training on MNREGA schemes. This scheme is very old and close to the vulnerable families. Receiving MNREGA job cards, getting jobs and wage payment are their right. To avail these rights, they are made aware to apply for job if not given by the Rojgaar Sevak/ PRIs. They interacted with Government officials, media and PRIs on regular and smooth functioning of MNREGA.
- b. Freedom group and Champions along with staff visited block office to apply for left out

families who returned during 2<sup>nd</sup> wave. They met and visited block offices along with beneficiaries smartly. Now even block officials recognize them.

- c. With the support of Rojgaar Sevaks, PRIs and Block Program Officers 2,459 job cards were received by the beneficiaries. Champions and freedom group played a very active role in it. They met several times the BPOs, Rojgaar Sevaks and PRIs for the job cards, work allotment and wage payment. Also, they requested them to organize Rojgaar Divas. Due to 2<sup>nd</sup> wave this was in pending. As per Government data, in our three districts, the number of persons provided work under MNREGA was 85,739.
- d. As mentioned above, the role of women have been significant in each and every objective.
- e. In this reporting period, TA supported in the orientation of staff on collecting data in Google formats. From time to time, the mentoring of the team was undertaken. Due to 2<sup>nd</sup> wave of COVID, the report finalization was delayed.

### **Outcome 4**

- a. We have trained 240 Champions and 144 freedom groups by meetings and training on DCPU on child protection. We have also did VCPC meeting along with Champions and Freedom group.
- b. They have taken initiative to meet with VCPC and BCPC for the meeting and child protection. 16 members have attended review meeting organize by ADCPO.

- c. In Gopalganj only 33 children got Parvarish / Sponsorship benefits, which was on the 3 rd lowest rank at Bihar. ADCPO recognize the issue and organize a review meeting with DCPC / BCPC on 9 January 2021. In this meeting local NGOs, Champions, freedom group also attended. The main problem raised in the opening of bank account by the CPO of Bhore blocks. The action was taken and ADCPO release a letter to banks at Bhore block of Gopalganj. By the initiative to all NGOs, PRI, Champions number increased from 33 to 108 and 20 in pending up to March. Due to COVID further activities stuck. In Siwan a letter circulated to include NGOs in the committee of DCPC/BCPC decided in a review meeting.

In Sitamarhi to organize DCPC meeting several letters given to DM and ADCPO, even ADCPO move the file to DM in March 2021, but not done. A district stakeholders interaction meeting was organized by HLN (Adithi/BMVS) partners at Sitamarhi along with DCPO, CWC, JJB, LEO and Champions of Parihar, Sursand, Sonbarsa and Runnisaipur on Child protection issue and regularization of DCPC meeting. Also discussed about Parvarish yojna. One very needy child application was pending given to Champion of Sonbarsa for support the child.

- d. Women are in the front line and taking initiative as explained above.

- e. TA supported in format development, data collection and FGDs with DCPO.

- f. Formats for collecting data, prepare profile, FGDs, etc.

#### **Outcome 5**

- a. We have trained 240 Champions and 144 freedom groups by meetings and training on GPDP in 70 villages. They met Mukhiyas and attended Gram Sabhas in each district and placed their demand. Unfortunately, at many places Gram Sabhas was not organized but they placed their demands to the Mukhiyas. But due to the upcoming election of PRIs, they did not take any action on the demands.
- b. For the first time in the Aam Sabhas they raised demand for repairing of schools, toilets and soil work in schools. In two Panchayats, the demand was conceded in Sitamarhi.
- c. Percentage of amount and document can only be taken from them later. Now the power of PRI is ceased.
- d. Women and adolescents are empowered to lead the issue for the community.
- e. TA supported in orientation of staff and develop

## 5. ChildLine, Nodal- Sitamarhi

Adithi is working as nodal organization of Child Line in the district Sitamarhi from 2011. We establish linkages and coordination with government and Child Line team for the protection of children's rights for better and dignified life.

Adithi as Nodal organization of CHILDLINE coordinated with collaborative organization and 3 sub-centers running by three different organizations.

During the year following activities done by the Nodal Childline at Sitamarhi district :

### 1. Coordination of CHILDLINE at city level (number of meetings conducted and issues discussed):

Coordination done with the childline team to organise:

#### a) Weekly Meetings with team members:

17 Meetings at three Sub centres and Collab ( 9- Meetings Attended on Zoom Call) .:

#### b) Monthly Meetings with team members: 2 (on zoom Call)

Details of Issues discussed during the above meetings:

#### c) Coordinators' Meetings:12

#### d) Number of Directors' Meetings: 2 (online Meeting on Zoom call)

#### e) Number of CAB Meetings: CAB is Formed but due to lock down CAB meeting not Done.

#### f) DCPC meeting.....Not done

#### g) Volunteers Meetings: 1

#### h) Number of Resource Organization meetings: 2

### 2. Awareness and Outreach activities co-ordinated at city level:

### 3. issue-based trainings organized for the CHILDLINE team (monthly):

Date	Issue	Resource person	No. of participants
24/3/21	JJ Act, Child Marriage act, Case Intervention Processes	MD Abdul	19

### 4. Details of trainings:

Sr. No	Date & Time	Allied systems	Level of Functionaries	Number of participants	Resource Person
1	26/12/20	6	Labour inspector, SSB,Thana Incharge, CPO, CWC, KTGVS, Pragati ek prayas, Pratham, Bhushra Mahila Vikash Sansthan, Centre DIRECT, BBA, Agragami india	16	Niraj Khanna and Parinita kumari

**1) Any innovations in CHILDLINE:**

- A. CHILDLINE Coordinates Awareness Campaign with Stakeholders on COVID-19 issues
- B. Provides dry food ration and financial support through Resource Org to Special Bonded labour ,Child labour and CSA Victims
- C. Awareness on CORONA issues and support to Food and mask to the needy child

**Case History**

A call was received through CCC on 26/3/2020 regarding a missing case in Parihar. Our team visited PHC, Parihar. Due to CORONA the PHC was not ready to admit the child in PHC. They were rigid to handover the child to our team. We talked and convinced the BDO, Parihar, and also contacted the CS, Sitamarhi, for temporary shelter. We informed CWC and requested for their support to the Child. After intervention and coordination with the CS the problem was sorted out.



## 6. Disaster Risk Reduction (Phase 2, Year 2) - Sitamarhi

This year the project focused on the interaction with stakeholders like PRIs, anganwadi workers on gender sensitivity and village disaster management plan in 30 villages of Sitamarhi training of them. Training of ASHA and anganwadi workers in previous year had able to visualized the impact in this year through which the women had done gender sensitive response in 2020 flood also had saved their lives during COVID-19 and still they are saving their lives.

Formation of VDMCs in villages and Resilient village plan - The inception meeting were organized with two panchayats and in which 8 representative of 8 villages were present. The discussion happened around the issue of disaster and its mitigation. The common consensus that was built in this meeting was to create the village level DRR committee and upon which the roles is to streamline the disaster risk reduction measures into current development plan. The role and responsibility and members criteria were also defined in this meeting. Formation is yet to be completed.

VDMCs had been functioning in 15 villages of Bajpatti and rest in 30 villages panchayat level institution were formed to saturate entire villages. These committee had made their plan and waiting for the general assembly for submission these reports. These committee are also the monitoring the situation of COVID-19 and preparedness of upcoming flood seasons in their villages with PRIs.

- **Orientation and skill building of existing Task forces on early warning and evacuation, search and rescue, first aid, shelter management and first aid-** 75 Task forces had been trained and they are also ready with their life equipment for upcoming floods.

- **Training of PRIs, Anganwadi and Community on resilient village plan preparation** - Key stakeholders like PRIs, Anganwadi workers, ASHA workers are being involved in formation village disaster Management plan and helping in different training like adolescent girls women on building their capacity to reduce the life lost and dignified life.

- **Awareness campaign among women and adolescent girls for personal hygiene and hygiene during emergencies through SRH tool Kit** -Training of Trainers was organized and selected village representative had been capacitated on Gender in emergency tool kit. These master trainers are doing their training at village level and sensitizing the women on saving their lives. Secondly, they were also raising their voices for safe drinking water in their villages.

Master trainers from the community had been trained and they started disseminating with adolescent girls and women in their community making the gender inclusive disaster preparedness. These adolescent girls and women are also being trained on the different government schemes like safe drinking water to all household, scheme related to Nutrition and mensuration related supported by ICDS and rural toilet schemes with National rural livelihood mission (Jeevika) for getting to everyone

- **Interfacing with PRIs for implementation of Village Disaster Management Plan (VDMP) into DRR Plans prepared by community** - Involvement of PRIs, Anganwadi workers, teachers and ASHA throughout project period for developing the plan, risk assessments, training of youth on life saving skills, adolescents on Gender in emergencies and

other government schemes to enhance the clear understanding and work together for resilience building. DDMPs in Sitamarhi district in the verge of finalization where the gender

indicator is already mapped and suggested with our continuous engagement with SDMA in Bihar.

## Awareness program on COVID-19 response through Mobile Caravan Van

*(Supported by HDFC and Oxfam)*



Under HDFC school refurbishment project we did the awareness program of COVID-19 response through Mobile Caravan van. Awareness program was started with the inauguration. Mrs Uma Devi President of District Council (Jila Parishad) with Mr. Aditya Mohan member inaugurated on dated 22.06.2020. After inauguration mobile caravan van started moving different villages. Till date we create awareness in 15 villages through it. We also interacted and described community member and children about prevention of corona after post lockdown.

Details of Awareness through mobile caravan and we reach the house hold as bellow: -

Block	Name of Gram Panchayat	Name of Villages	Month	Approximate number of Population Aware
Sursand	SheekhandiBhittaPurvi, Sursand, Sheekhandi Bhitta Pashchmi and Dewari Matauna	SheekhandiBhittaPurvi, Gandhi Nagar, Sursand, SheekhandiBhittaPachimi, Hanuman Nagar, Nawahi, MataunaDewari, Chakni, Bhagawatipur and Simiahi	June	45500
Parihar	Sonbarsa, Purandaha Rajwara Pashchami, Madhiya, Hanuman Nagar, Indarwa	Chilri, Sonbarsa, Lalbandi, Jahadi, Mushaharniya, Iaxmipur, Madhiya, Tilangi, Ghurghura, Hanuman Nagar, and Mubarapur, Bela, Baluaha, sahorwa, Indarwa, Dalkawa	June	55000

***A short report of girls Football team of blocks Sursand and Sonbarsa***

We formed 10 football team in two blocks Sursand and Sonbarsa under the Project “Continuation of Education for children and disaster resilience of communities through school-based intervention in Bihar” supported by HDFC and Oxfam. As per details of school wise football team -

S.No.	Name of School	Block	Number of team	No of player
01	Middle School, Simiyahi, Matauna, Bittha Bazar, Hanuman Nagar	Sursand	5	65
02	Middle School, Matawna	Sursand	5	65
	Total		10	130



This the first time in Sitamarhi girls football team was formed and 130 girls have been plying. A coach was appointed for them.

District level football tournament was organized in Reversed Middle School, Indarwa, block Sonbarsa on dated 28.11.2020. Two team was selected from Sitamarhi District. In this event secretary Suresh Kumar of District Football team union, Inspector of Boarder security force,

Mr. Ramagyan Yadav teacher who was awarded by President of India, Mukund Dev Supervisor of Bihar Weightlifting Union and Head master of the school were present in this occasion. Blue team wins the match. Winning team selected to play state level tournament.

Block level tournament will be organized in Reversed Middle School, Indarwa, block Sonbarsa on dated 05.01.2021 and Reversed Middle School, Bhatta, block Sursand on dated 10.01.2021. All 10 teams will be participated in this event. Provide participation certificate to all player and cup to winning team.



## **Protect, Secure, Preserve: LIC COVID-19 Response**

Since the outbreak of the novel corona virus COVID- 19 continues, Oxfam is concerned about the impact it could have on the most vulnerable and excluded communities across the world. Drawing from substantial expertise and lessons learned from its extensive Public Health works, Oxfam India has prioritised its response to cater to the needs of the most vulnerable population

The Project PSP is collaboration with Oxfam and LICHFL initiated with the objective of Prevention of spread of COVID- 19 among the general population through enhanced knowledge and skill of the community in adopting the prescribed protection measures in the District Patna and Sitamarhi with the objective of distribution of dry food to the most marginalized and vulnerable communities who are unable to meet their basic needs due to the lockdown.

### **Result 1:**

- ❖ Our team member and volunteers were trained on the online course on COVID 19
- ❖ Safety kits for the staffs and volunteers have been provided to all the partners

### **Result 2**

- ❖ A total of 700 HH and 3500 people have been covered in the 2 Districts (Patna and Sitamarhi) provided the food kit
- ❖ Hygiene promotion with specific focus to hand washing and preventive measures for COVID -19 disease has been demonstrated among these populations

## **Project PSP: Migrants in Bihar with support of Oxfam (APPI)**

In Sitamarhi we covered 7 blocks – Bajpatti, Sonbarsa, Dumra, Sursand, Parihar, Belsand and Bargabia  
Vulnerable group whom we were reaching out in Sitamarhi – Informal sector workers, non-ration card holders, waste pickers, leprosy survivors, Single women, women and person with disability, Musahar community, Agriculture labourers, who have lost wages during lock down, person with chronic illness

Following interventions was done

- Adithi's team a volunteer was trained on dos and don'ts during covid-19 response
- Training was focused on how to how manage social distancing and WASH principles during distribution.
- Personal safety, team was provided with safety kits
- 5400 dry kit distribution and WASH kit was distributed
- Beneficiary card and muster roll was printed
- Complaint mechanism was elaborated on
  - ✓ Complaint number was written on beneficiary card
  - ✓ Complaint number was placed during distribution of dry ration and safety kit distribution

## 7. Preventing Child Marriage & Early Unions - Saraiyahat, Dumka, Jharkhand

### Our Progress towards Our Project Goal:

We had set our overall goal as 'Raising girls' physical, mental and intellectual well being and their status in family and society.'

With our activities like promoting sports, health, free time and space for the girls as well as combating discriminations with them, we have been able to promote a self-care attitude among the girls while making the society and the families to increasingly acquiesce with that. While all these have promoted their physical well-being, on the other hand, steps as our promoting their education, conducting regular interaction with them, establishing Adolescent Girls' Clubs, providing leadership and skill trainings and progressing to sponsor their education have gone a long way ahead towards their mental and intellectual well-being.



### Our Activities with Targeted Girls:

We are working with our primary population through a slew of activities:

- **Organizing adolescent girls meetings** – These meetings are our primary interface with this population in which we deliver all our messages intended for them as well as transfer the awareness and empowerment inputs to them. So far, we conducted 186 such meetings comprising a total of 1894 girls.
- **Forming adolescent girls' clubs** – We have formed one such club in each of our five target Panchayats where about 100 adolescent girls (totalling 500 girls) are registered. All these clubs have different facilities for the girls who engage in a variety of activities over here facilitated by our workers who encourage them to speak out their thoughts while providing them the necessary inputs for their empowerment.
- **Imparting leadership training to eligible adolescent girls** – By convening 14 leadership training camps, a total of 287 girls have been imparted this training that has resulted in flowering of latent leadership qualities among them that they are utilizing it in disseminating the intended messages among their peers back in their hamlets and villages while negotiating to safeguard their interests in the family.





- **Supporting girls' education by encouraging its continuance through sponsoring open or residential schooling** – We did select 25 girls through an elaborate process, but could not get them admissions due to COVID induced lockdown and resultant closure of the institutions.
- **Providing earning skill training to girls** – We have provided skill training in sewing & cutting to 96 girls by establishing three such centers. We had plans to extend the scope of the training in other skills and places but for the lockdown.
- **Organizing football teams of girls** – This has been a very dear activity to girls that has provided them with a rare opportunity to learn the sport by a coach and engage in a thoroughly empowering activity that we are providing to 80-member five teams.

### Our Activities with Boys:



Providing gender sensitization to boys - We talked with the boys of area and selected them on the basis of their age (14 to 18) and comprehension level for the this training. The purpose was to sensitize them to the need of doing their part in reducing family violence on the girls as well as the discrimination against them within the family in matters of education, food, nutrition, clothes, amenities, leisure time and free space, etc.

We organized a total of 12 such one-day sensitization camps with the selected boys on the Panchayat level. Sometimes a few a bit lower age group boys, too, came with the selected boys in these camps whom we included therein as it would have been socially inappropriate to exclude them. In some Panchayats two or even three camps were organized depending on the numbers of the eligible boys. Thus a total of 184 boys were provided this training in which, first, their perception and practice of gender roles were ascertained by us through discussions and games. And it was only after that we tried to make them see the justifiability of their participation in their mother's and sister's roles so as to lighten their burden, etc. We stressed on the importance of understanding it as, we explained to them, they belong to the new generation which was most well placed to bring a change.

We were happy to find that, to a varying degree, they were all ready to accept the proposal and bring about some change in the traditional order. The sensitization ended on that note, and as per our follow up with them, they started doing it also.

### Our Activities with Parents and Family Members:



With parents and other family members our work was two-fold –

The interfaces with the parents were undertaken by organizing their meetings on a group level, which was christened by us as Community Meetings. These were the formal congregations where all the concepts underlying our project were explained threadbare to them and their questions, if any, were answered convincingly.

Facilitating target girls' families' linkage to Governmental schemes and services: Though this activity was severely hindered and obstructed by the Governments' focus on fighting COVID-19 and frequent and prolonged lockdowns, still our workers were successful in accruing them benefits while many applications are still pending and awaiting the final disposal.

**The achievements were:**

Awas Yojana	435	Social Security Pensions	387	Applications Pending	101	Labour Card	3
Jan-Dhan Account Opening	115	PM-Suraksha Bima Yojana	5	MNREGA Job Cards	Issued-14 Application Pending- 6	Aadhar Card	92
Ration Card	82	Ration Cards- Aadhar linking	61	Birth Certificates	Issued -10 Application Pending- 38	Death Certificates	Issued- 5 Applications Pending- 22
Migrant Labors' Survey Forms submitted	368	Registering Pregnant Women in Anganbadi	59	Nursing Mothers	48	Ensuring 0-5-yr Children's Vaccination	124
Securing Iron Folic Acid Tablets to Eligible Beneficiaries	46						

**Changes perceived in Community as a result of our work**

The very first tangible change is the general awareness about child marriage and early union being an undesirable, unhealthy act that is also a punishable offence. Formerly, this awareness was limited only to a select few – the Government servants, some PRIs and the higher educated people – and they, too, had accepted it as a traditional social norm from which eyes may silently and conveniently be turned away. Nobody ever cared to oppose it and it was left entirely to the parents when they wish to get their children married.

But now no longer. The situation has changed, at least within the boundaries of our working area where almost everybody is aware of it. But it does not mean that nobody dares to indulge in it. Still there are families and parents who wish to marry their children early and even go to the limit of attempting it. But now it does not remain accepted and ignored. There are people

in that very community, vicinity and even within the family who object to it citing the moral, health related or the legal provisions and try to dissuade the parent or parents wishing to do it.

The next change concerns the stress put on girls' education that was always neglected in the community. Education and schooling, particularly the higher schooling, were considered a luxury that the poor people could hardly afford for their daughters in particular. There was a general perception that the girls are duty bound to remain within the precincts of the house, assist their elders in the household chores, and unburden them by getting married early. Although we do not claim that this thinking of the community has vanished but now nobody can advocate it openly without a word of opposition. Almost everybody knows that education for girls is a desirable thing whether they may or may not achieve it. The only thing that has potentially obstructed our efforts in this direction has been the continued closure of schools due to COVID-

19 that has, unfortunately, left this newly acquired awareness and even realization to only on theoretical level.

The next change has been about the status of women in general and the girls in particular in the community. Previously, there hardly was anyone in the community to highlight their contribution and underline their importance. As a result, the girls in particular suffered from a deep rooted inferiority complex. We have worked hard to change this perception in the community in general and girls in particular. Now a large number of them feel and realize their importance and the need to obtain their rightful entitlements. They know that there are people to advocate it and support them that they now find even in their family, vicinity or the community at large due to the result of our various activities like contacting parents, community meetings, gender sensitization of boys and PRIs meetings that has vitally boosted the morale of the girls. It was in this direction that we arranged for the football coaches to train the girls' football teams which was previously unthinkable for them. It also prompted our efforts to get the births registered in our area which was previously an unknown thing and it goes to the credit of our workers that a solid beginning in this direction was made with 48 applications filed wherein certificates were issues for 10 despite all kinds of odds like COVID, lockdowns, expenses



required in executing affidavits and visiting district headquarters for that which is a matter of courage for the general community members who are extremely poor in this area.

A heart-warming change has been the general awareness created among the poor population about the benefits and entitlements available to them from different Governmental schemes of which a large number of them either had no information at all or just did not know how to avail them. Hardly any Government servant moves in the community in this area. But as our workers moved from door to door, it was easy for them to identify the potentially eligible persons for these benefits and they provided all kinds of help to them from getting them the required forms to filling them and accompanying them to offices to file them. Such facilitation was simply unheard of in the area



## **8. Special Study Center - IGNOU- Jarmundi, Dumka**

Admissions are granted under the following courses in the Special Study Center run by ADITHI in Jarmundi of Dumka, Jharkhand:

1. Master of Arts in Rural Development (M.A.R.D.)
2. Master of Arts in English (M.E.G.)
3. Master of Arts in Hindi (M.H.D.)
4. Master of Arts in History (M.A.H.)
5. Master of Arts in Political Science (M.P.S.)
6. Master of Arts in Sociology (M.S.O.)
7. Master of Arts in Public Administration (M.P.A.)
8. Master of Arts in Economics (M.E.C.)
9. Master of Commerce (M.Com.)
10. Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)
11. Bachelor of Commerce (B.Com.)
12. Diploma in HIV and Family Education (D.A.F.E.)
13. Post Graduate Diploma in Rural Development (PGDRD)
14. Certificate in Teaching of English (C.T.E.)
15. Certificate in HIV and Family Education (C.A.F.E.)
16. Certificate in Food and Nutrition (C.F.N.)
17. Certificate in Nutrition and Childcare (C.N.C.C.)
18. Certificate in Rural Development (C.R.D.)
19. Certificate in Guidance (C.I.G.)

## Year-Wise Students' Admission

Sl.No.	Year	No. of Students Enrolled
1	1999	34
2	2000	150
3	2001	265
4	2002	369
5	2003	655
6	2004	843
7	2005	1598
8	2006	921
9	2007	1539
10	2008	936
11	2009	983
12	2010	996
13	2011	1296
14	2012	1513
15	2013	1682
16	2014	1707
17	2015	1650
18	2016	2387
19	2017	2936
20	2018	1286
21	2019	2322
22	2020	2111
23	2021	586
<b>Total</b>		<b>28765</b>